"STAY SAFE, STAY INDOORS."

developments through local authorities and the World Health Organization. Following the on-going implications from the coronavirus pandemic, we are currently under a 3-week nationwide stay-at-home directive announced by our honorable Prime Minister on the 24th of March. Despite of all the challenges that persist

ADP has been closely monitoring COVID-19

during these trying times, ADP continues to be focused on ensuring we deliver consistently in the same way that we have been for the last 70-years; on supporting our 810,000 clients through such unexpected events that challenge their business processes, across 140 countries and territories. For more information on our response and action during this period, and how are we tackling the COVID-19 pandemic, please visit us on https://www.adp.in/



was passed in both the houses. This bill has recently received the President's assent. Hence all the provisions and rules stated in the bill are now binding on all of us. To refer the details of changes, you can go through the below link: **Budget updates:**

http://imagesbu.adpinfo.com/Web/ADPBUServices/%7Bc3776489-fdca-4dd4-9ec9765e6ff0981f%7D GESI IND FY2 Feb20 newsletter Budget.pdf?elg mid=5717&e lq cid=4952718&cid=elq BUServices &assetid=5717

Webinar on Budget and how impacts payroll Part 1: https://wcc.on24.com/webcast/previewlobby?e=2212931&k=A67B38363B4982293 5DE612840F8F6E2

https://event.on24.com/wcc/r/2230853/710EFDFF21E673C8D94214263354D428?

Webinar on Budget and how impacts payroll Part 2:

partnerref=India Monthly Chronicle





reasons like marriage, education or unemployment. But in the light of the current situation, EPFO has introduced a new withdrawal policy called "COVID-19 (Pandemic Advance Facility)". Under this new scheme, workers can withdraw up to 75% of the accumulated balance, or three months of wages in advance, whichever is less. This amount

Fund Organisation (EPFO) has the provision of PF withdrawal for restricted categorical

withdrawn would be considered as contingency expenditure and as nonrefundable advance. **Note:** This is applicable to all establishments without any restrictions. All employers and employees should ensure that complete KYC related information is updated on the EPFO Portal for all subscribers of the provident

fund for seamless approval and withdrawal. All withdrawal requests are to be processed within 3 to 20 days, provided appropriate KYC information is available with EPFO. For more information please refer the following link: http://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/2020/ 218950.pdf

on behalf of selected companies The Government of India, to help the companies under lockdown, has announced a major relief under EPFO provisions. For every establishments which employs a minimum of 100 workers, and have 90% of their employees earning less than INR 15,000 per month, the Government of India has proposed to pay the EPF contribution for both, the employer and the employee (24%).for next three months.

Government to pay

PF contribution



Prohibition from Termination or Salary Reduction

■ Not cut/reduce salaries or ■ Terminate or layoff off their employees. In cases where the place of employment is made non-operational, or if any worker takes leave; then such a period would be deemed to be on duty and the salary for

Under these sensitive times, Ministry of

Labour and Employment has issued an

advisory, directly all companies to:

of Employees

to ease business during this grave time:

To read further please refer the link: https://labour.gov.in/sites/default/files/

Central Government Update.pdf

such period would be paid without any

In case these directions are not followed

there might be penalty and prosecution

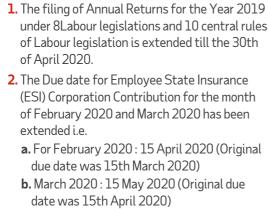
deductions.

against the company.

More amendments issued by the authorities

proceedings by the authority and any

compliance by the taxpayer including



investment in saving instruments or investments for roll over benefit of capital gains under Income Tax Act, Wealth Tax Act, Prohibition of Benami Property Transaction Act, Black Money Act, STT law, CTT Law, Equalization Levy law, Vivad Se Vishwas law where the time limit is expiring between the 20th March 2020 to 29th June 2020 shall be extended to 30th June 2020. 10. For delayed payments of advanced tax, self-

tax without any penalty and prosecution is now extended by three months i.e. up to the 30th of June. 5. The due date for Linking of PAN card with Aadhaar has been extended upto June 30th. 6. The due date for Revised Income Tax Return

(ITR) for the FY 2018-19 can now be

submitted up till the 30th of June, 2020. Also

the rate of interest on such returns has been

reduced to 9% (which earlier was 12%).

3. GST returns for March, April and May can now

4. "Vivad Se Vishwas" wherein an individual can

close their demand order after paying demand

be filed up to the 30th of June.

- 7. The rule for holding a board meeting and submitting MOM along with the annual returns has been relaxed for the next 2 quarters. That simply means that the company can choose to hold or avoid holding any such board meetings for the next 2 quarters, and is not required to
- furnish the MOM or the annual returns. 8. To enable easy cash reach to all individuals, minimum balance penalties will not be levied for next 3 months. Also the withdrawal charges from other bank's ATMs have been waived off.
- instead of 12 %/18 % per annum (i.e. 0.75% per month instead of 1/1.5 %per month). No late fee/penalty shall be charged for delay relating to this period. 11. It is to be noted that there has NOT been an Extension of financial year. Many are under the assumption that the attached notification states the financial year has been extended to1st of July. This notification actually means that the Central Government appoints 01.07.2020 instead

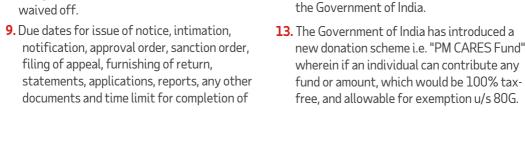
assessment tax, regular tax, TDS, TCS,

equalization levy, STT, CTT made between

reduced interest rate of 9% would applied

20th March 2020 and 30th June 2020, a

- of 01.04.2020, as the date on which the provisions of Part I of Chapter IV related to Amendments to Indian Stamp Act, 1899 which were notified by Finance Act, 2019 (7 of 2019) and NOT the financial year. Link to gazette notification: http://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/202 0/218957.pdf The proof submission period has been changed and extended from April to June by
- Monthly Compliance calendar



Particulars

TDS payment for the month

Particulars

Payment for March

Particulars Payment for March

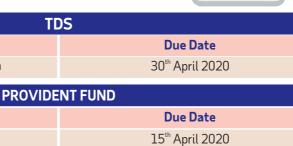
State Andhra Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh & Telangai Assam, Odisha, Maharashtra

Gujrat

Karnataka West Bengal

EMPLOYEE S

PROFES



STATE INSURANCE	
	Due Date
	15 th April 2020
SSIONAL TAX	
	Payment Due Date
na	10 th April 2020

30th April 2020

15th April 2020 20th April 2020

21st April 2020

LABOUR WELFARE FUND (LWF) State Due Date 5th April 2020 Kerala (For S&E) - (Worker Welfare Fund)